

TITLE 11 LABOR AND WORKERS COMPENSATION
CHAPTER 4 WORKERS' COMPENSATION
PART 5 ENFORCEMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATIONS

11.4.5.1 ISSUING AGENCY: Workers' Compensation Administration.
[11.4.5.1 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.1, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.2 SCOPE: Rules apply to any party to a claim arising under the act and any person receiving medical payments from an employer under the act.
[11.4.5.2 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.2, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.3 STATUTORY AUTHORITY: Section 52-5-4 NMSA 1978 (Repl. Pamp. 1991), authorizes the WCA to adopt reasonable rules and regulations for effecting the purposes of the act. Section 52-1-28.1 NMSA 1978 (Repl. Pamp. 1991), authorizes the director to promulgate rules and regulations regarding the prohibition against bad faith and unfair claims processing. Section 52-5-1.3 NMSA 1978 (Repl. Pamp. 1991), empowers the director to investigate, penalize or refer allegations of fraud. Section 52-1-61 NMSA 1978 (Repl. Pamp. 1991), authorizes the director to penalize persons who violate the provisions of the act.
[11.4.5.3 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.3, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.4 DURATION: Permanent.
[11.4.5.4 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.4, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.5 EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2014, unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.
[11.4.5.5 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.5, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.6 OBJECTIVE: The purpose of this rule is to provide a method for enforcement by the WCA of the prohibition against bad faith, unfair claims processing, fraud, and of any other obligation of a party or agent of a party under the act and the WCA rules and regulations.
[11.4.5.6 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.6, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.7 DEFINITIONS:
A. "Enforcement Bureau" means the division of the WCA charged with investigating and prosecuting violations of the act or WCA rules.
B. See also 11.4.1.7 NMAC.
[11.4.5.7 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.7, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.8 INITIATION OF INVESTIGATION:
A. Any person may bring an allegation of prohibited conduct under the act, including criminal fraud, bad faith, unfair claims processing, retaliation, or non-compliance with the requirements of the act, to the attention of the WCA's enforcement bureau.
B. Any party may initiate a charge of bad faith, unfair claims processing, or retaliation by the filing of a complaint or an application to a judge.
C. The director may initiate an investigation of any act or pattern of action with potential for adverse impact upon the workers' compensation system by referring the matter for investigation to the enforcement bureau.
[11.4.5.8 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.8, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.9 CONDUCT OF INVESTIGATIONS:
A. The enforcement bureau may serve a notice of pending investigation to appropriate persons or entities by hand delivery or certified mail, domestic return receipt requested, or by electronic mail for those parties registered with the WCA.
B. The notice of pending investigation shall identify, with reasonable specificity, the persons or entities subject to the investigation, and shall describe the alleged prohibited conduct.
C. Upon receipt of the notice of pending investigation, complainants and subjects must cooperate in the investigation of the charge. Upon request of the WCA, a party shall produce documentary evidence or other information related to a charge within the party's possession or control.

D. Upon receipt of the notice of pending investigation, complainants and subjects must make available any supervisor or employee for the purpose of permitting WCA personnel to take a statement regarding the charge.

[11.4.5.9 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.9, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.10 ENFORCEMENT OF THE ACT BY THE DIRECTOR:

A. These rules establish a procedure for the administrative enforcement of the act by the director. These rules do not govern procedure for criminal prosecution by the WCA's enforcement bureau.

B. Administrative enforcement proceedings shall be presided over by the director or designee and shall be conducted with dignity, in a manner conducive to deliberation.

C. Administrative enforcement hearings shall be recorded by a certified court monitor in compliance with the rules governing the recording of judicial proceedings adopted by the New Mexico supreme court.

D. No right of peremptory disqualification: The peremptory right of disqualification does not apply to proceedings conducted under the provisions of this rule.

E. The rules of civil procedure and evidence shall apply where not inconsistent with the provisions of these rules.

[11.4.5.10 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.10, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.11 INITIATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDINGS:

A. Commencement of action:

(1) An action may be commenced by the issuance of a notice of administrative enforcement proceeding by the enforcement bureau chief. The notice shall be delivered immediately to the director.

(2) The notice of administrative enforcement proceeding shall be in the form of a signed statement containing the name, address and phone number of the violator, a statement of facts, the specific violation charged and the specific rule or statutory provision violated.

B. Probable cause determination:

(1) A probable cause determination shall be made by the director in each case where a notice of administrative enforcement proceeding has been issued. The probable cause determination shall be made promptly, but in any event within thirty (30) days after the service of the notice.

(2) The director may make the determination of probable cause solely upon a paper review of the administrative file. The director may consider hearsay evidence from a credible source with a factual foundation.

(3) If the director determines no probable cause exists to believe a violation has been committed, the proceeding shall be dismissed and the notice of administrative enforcement shall not be filed with the clerk or served on any party.

(4) If the director determines probable cause exists, a finding of probable cause and a notice of proposed penalty indicating the maximum penalty shall be filed with the clerk along with the notice of administrative enforcement proceedings.

C. When the alleged violator is a party to a pending workers' compensation complaint and the director deems the alleged violations material to the issues raised in the pending complaint, the director shall file the finding of probable cause and notice of proposed penalty and the notice of administrative enforcement proceeding in the case file for the pending complaint and the enforcement proceedings shall be referred to the assigned workers' compensation judge for determination.

[11.4.5.11 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.11, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.12 ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE DIRECTOR: For every case not referred to a workers' compensation judge and upon the filing of the notice of administrative enforcement proceedings and finding of probable cause:

A. SUMMONS: A summons shall be issued by the clerk, directed to the alleged violator and must contain:

(1) The name and street address of the WCA, the docket number of the case and the name of the person(s) the summons is directed to;

(2) A direction that the alleged violator shall appear in person before the director to respond to the charges and the time and place of the hearing;

(3) A notice that unless the alleged violator appears as directed, the maximum proposed penalty may be imposed; and

(4) The name, address, telephone number and e-mail address of the prosecuting attorney for the enforcement bureau.

B. SERVICE OF THE SUMMONS:

(1) The summons shall be served by the enforcement bureau by certified mail, domestic return receipt requested, or by other means, unless the director orders service in person.

(2) Service of the summons shall be completed no less than fifteen (15) days before the date the alleged violator is scheduled to appear for a hearing on the violation.

(3) The summons shall be served with endorsed copies of the notice of administrative enforcement proceeding and the director's finding of probable cause and notice of proposed penalty.

C. SERVICE OF PAPERS:

(1) Unless the director orders otherwise, every pleading subsequent to the service of the summons shall be served on the violator and filed with the clerk.

(2) When a party is represented by an attorney, service shall be made upon the attorney.

(3) Service shall be made either by mailing a copy by first class mail with proper postage or by handing a copy to the attorney or to the party, unless the director orders service by other means.

[11.4.5.12 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.12, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.13 MOTIONS AND DISCOVERY:

A. Unless otherwise stated in Part 5 or approved by the director, motion practice shall not be allowed in administrative enforcement proceedings.

B. The use of discovery is discouraged. Discovery may be approved in exceptional circumstances where justice demands.

[11.4.5.13 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.15, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.14 SUBPOENAS:

A. The issuance of subpoenas to compel attendance at the hearing shall be issued pursuant to the Supreme Court Rules Annotated 1986, 1-045. The clerk of the WCA may issue a subpoena, signed but otherwise in blank, to a party requesting it, who shall complete it before service. An attorney authorized to practice law in New Mexico and who represents a party before the WCA, as an officer of the court, may also issue and sign a subpoena on behalf of the WCA.

B. Any objections to a subpoena shall be raised within five (5) days of actual receipt by filing a motion to quash with the WCA.

[11.4.5.14 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.16, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.15 HEARING:

A. Evidence shall be admitted in accordance with the rules of evidence. The hearing shall be conducted expeditiously, but each party shall be permitted to present their position amply and fairly.

B. The parties shall have the right to call and cross examine witnesses. Oath of witnesses shall be administered by the director.

C. Following the hearing, the director may orally announce the decision and enter the appropriate order.

D. The director may delay issuing the decision for a period not exceeding sixty (60) days if findings of facts and conclusions of law or briefs are to be submitted.

[11.4.5.15 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.17, 10/1/2014]

11.4.5.16 PENALTIES:

A. If the director finds a violation of the act or these rules, a notice of penalty shall be filed. A notice of penalty shall contain sufficient facts to support the penalty, and the dollar amount of the penalty.

B. A party may request reconsideration of a notice of penalty by filing a motion for reconsideration within fifteen (15) days of service of the notice of penalty.

C. The director may file an action for enforcement of any final penalty in the appropriate district court if payment is not made within thirty (30) days of entry of the notice of penalty or within fifteen (15) days of an order on a motion for reconsideration.

[11.4.5.16 NMAC - Rp, 11 NMAC 4.5.16, 10/1/2014]

HISTORY OF 11.4.5 NMAC:

Pre-NMAC History: The material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the State Records Center:
WCA 86-3, Evidentiary Rules, filed 5/26/87.
WCA 89-3, Evidentiary Rules, filed 6/20/89.
WCA 92.4, Evidentiary Rules, filed 10/30/92.
WCA 91-1, Miscellaneous Proceedings and Preliminary Questions of Fact, filed 1/24/91.
WCA 91-1, Miscellaneous Proceedings and Preliminary Questions of Fact, filed 5/29/91.
WCA 92.1, Rules Governing Miscellaneous Proceedings and Preliminary Questions of Fact, filed 10/30/92.
WCA 93-1, Rules Governing Miscellaneous Proceedings and Preliminary Questions of Fact, filed 10/28/93.

History of Repealed Material:

11 NMAC 4.5, Enforcement and Administrative Investigations, filed 5/20/1996, Recompiled 11/30/2001, Repealed effective 10/1/2014.