

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Workers' Compensation Administration

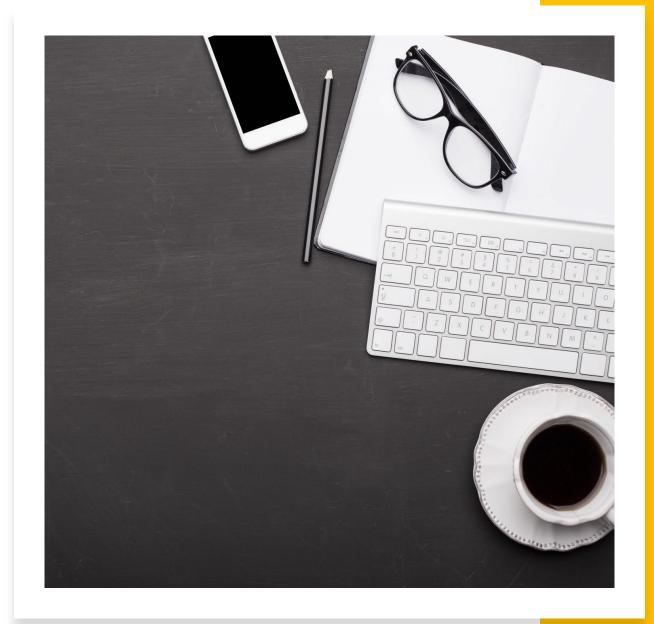
ONE TEAM | ONE GOAL

A Better New Mexico for Workers and Employers

Ergonomics: Working at Home

What is Ergonomics?

It's the process of designing the job to fit the employee rather than forcing the employee's body to fit the job.



Why is Ergonomics Important?

- Overexertion is a leading cause of injuries
- Recurring/persistent pain may develop in future
- Bodily reaction is a leading cause of workplace injuries
- Repetitive motion one of the top 10 most common workplace injuries

Preventing
Work-Related
Musculoskeletal
Disorders
(MSDs)

- Carpal Tunnel Syndrome
- Back/Neck Strain
- Tennis Elbow
- Tendinitis
- Sciatica

Selecting the Best Work Area at Home and Using Household Items

Home Workstation

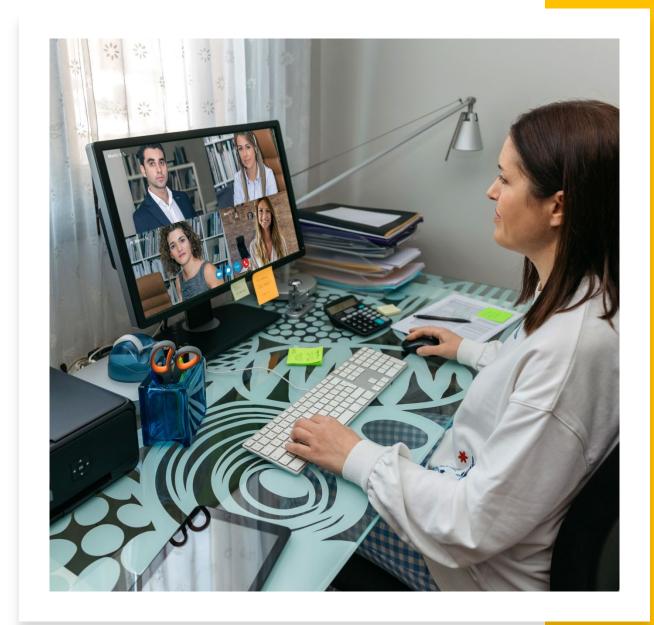
- Desk
- Dining Room
- Kitchen
- Living Room
- Bedroom

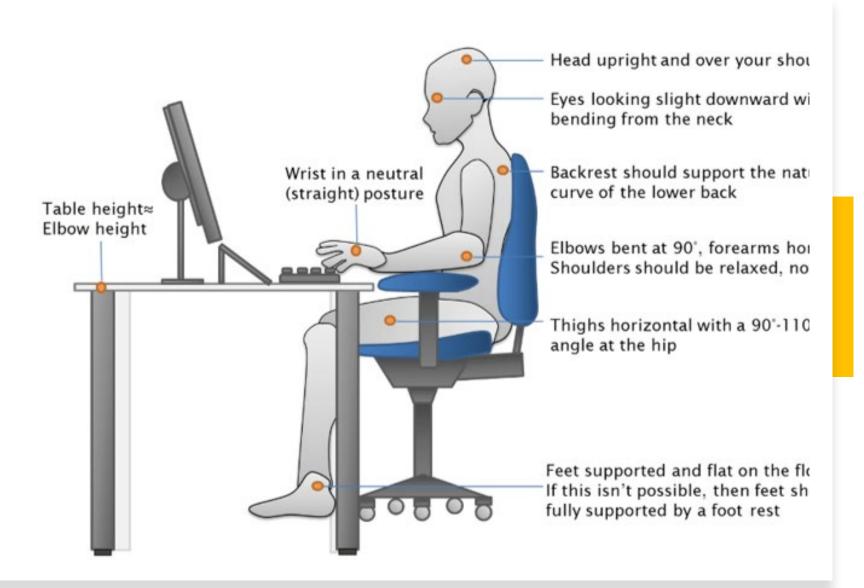
Household Items

- Desk
- Table/Counter
- Chair/Stool
- Blankets, Towels
- Boxes, Books

Home Desk Workstation

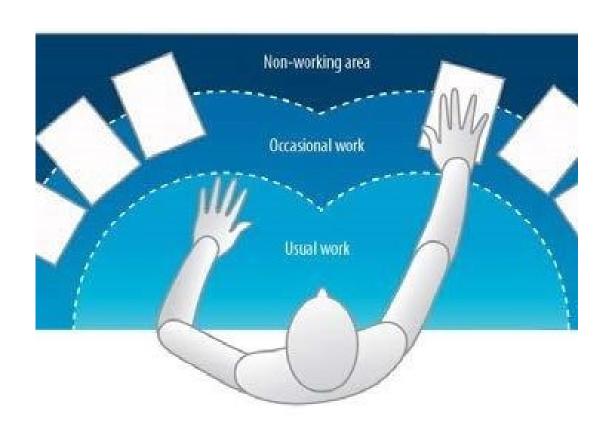
- No matter what area of the home is chosen for work, it's important to set equipment for the ideal ergonomics.
- Top of monitor at or just below eye level
- Head and neck balanced and in-line with torso
- Shoulders relaxed
- Elbows close to body and supported
- Lower back supported
- Wrists and hands in-line with forearms.
- Adequate room for keyboard and mouse
- Feet flat on the floor





Good Working Posture

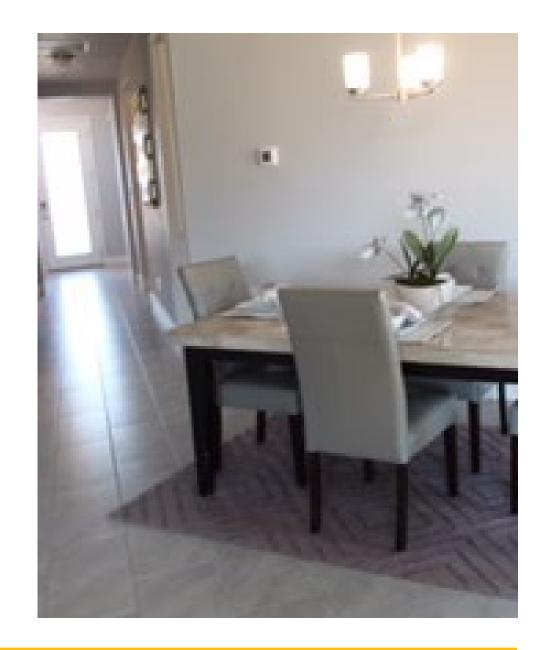
Workstation Work Zones



- Limit reaching and static posture to prevent strains.
- Place frequently used items in the primary work zone (mouse, keyboard).
- Monitor and phone placed in secondary work zone.
- Infrequently used items placed in nonwork zone.

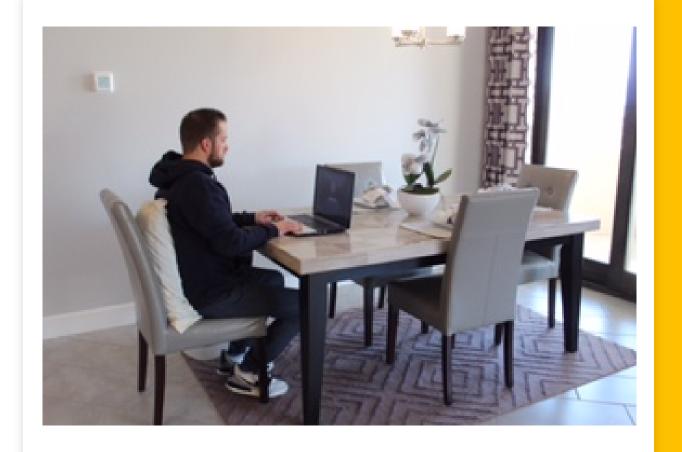
Dining Room Table Workstation

- Another workstation option is your dining room table.
- It provides adequate workspace for your computer monitor and/or laptop.
- Table height is typically 30 inches from the floor.
- Dining room chair height from seat pan to floor is ideal.



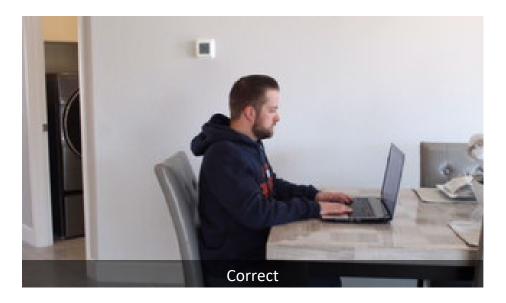
Dining Room Table Workstation (cont.)

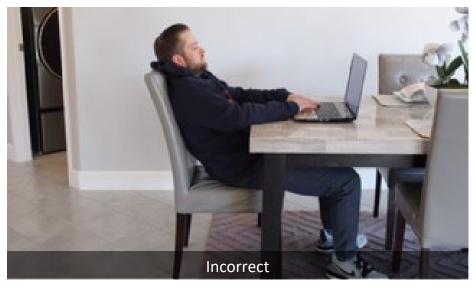
- Back supported when sitting vertical or leaning back slightly.
- Use a pillow or a rolled-up towel for increased lumbar support.
- Thighs and hips are supported and parallel to the floor.
- Knees are same height as the hips with the feet slightly forward.



Dining Room Table Workstation (cont.)

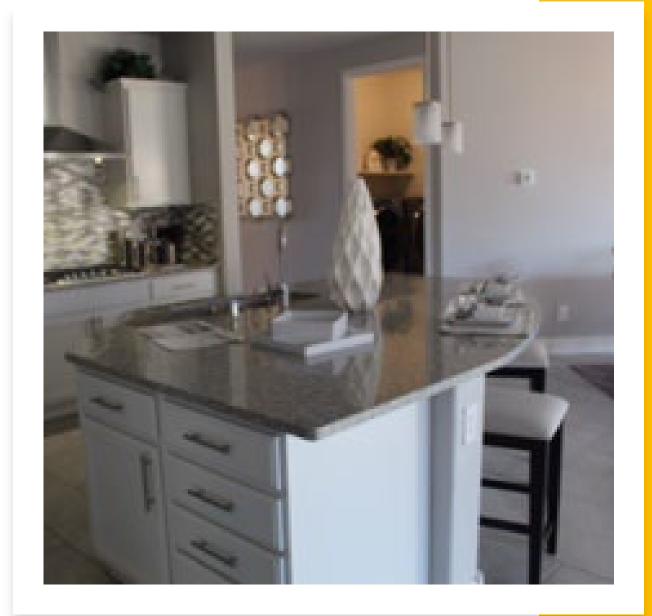
- Adjust your chair so that elbows sit at a 90-degree angle.
- Thighs should be parallel to the floor and feet should sit flat.
- If feet dangle, put a box or some books on the floor to support them.
- Elbows stay close to the body and bent between 90 and 120 degrees.





Kitchen Countertop Workstation

- The kitchen counter is a good option to work from because the surface is level.
- Height of the countertop is typically 36 inches above the floor.
- Allows your shoulders to be relaxed with arms at the side.



Kitchen Countertop Workstation (cont.)

Sit

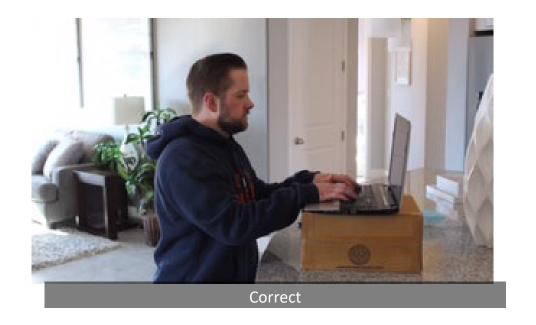
Sit at a comfortable distance from the counter where you can easily read all text.

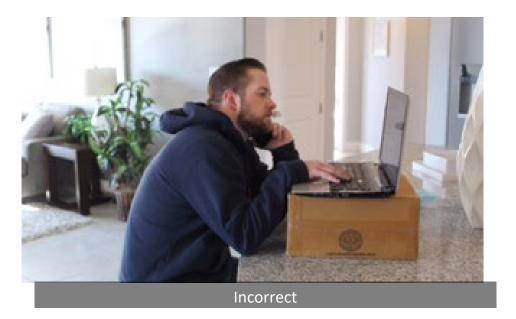
Head

Head and torso in an upright posture with back supported by your chair.

Top

Top of your monitor or laptop should be at or slightly below eye level.





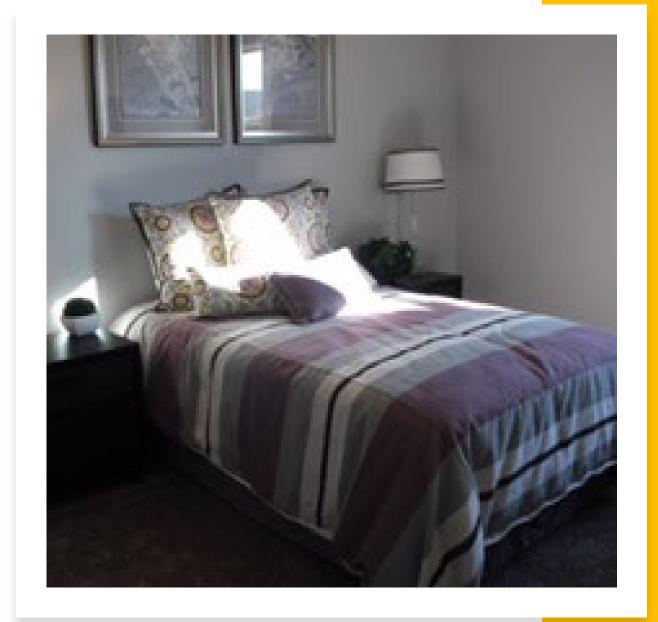
Kitchen Countertop Workstation (cont.)

- Raise height of monitor placing a box or books underneath.
- Tilt monitor so it's perpendicular to your line of sight.
- Rest your eyes periodically by focusing on objects that are 20 feet away).



Bedroom Workstation

- The bedroom isn't the best workstation location.
- Many utilize it as an alternative workspace during part of the day.
- The most common workspace in the bedroom is the bed.



Bedroom Workstation (contd.)



Support your lower back, neck, and shoulders using a blanket or pillow.

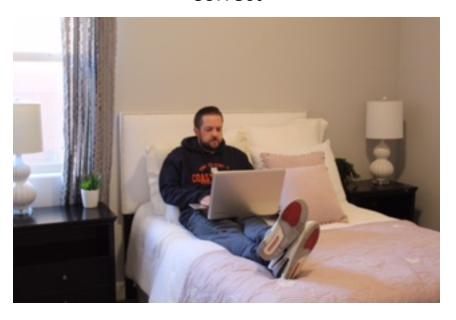


Laptop viewing angle at or slightly below eye level to prevent neck strains.



Elevate your knees by placing a rolled-up towel under your knees to reduce strains.

Correct

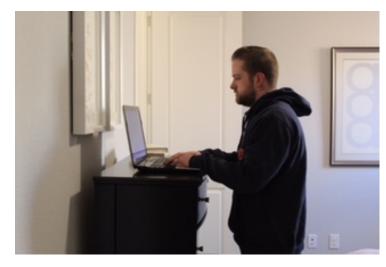


Incorrect

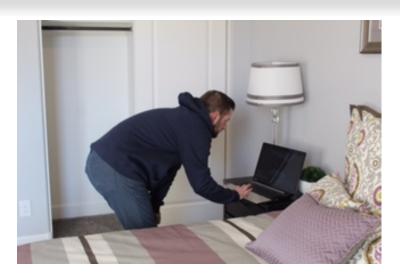


Standing Bedroom Workstation

- Your legs, torso, neck and head should be in-line and vertical.
- Feet slightly apart, you may elevate one foot in this posture.
- Maintain proper typing position for the arms, wrists, and hands.
- Take breaks every 15-25 minutes to prevent eye strain.



Correct



Incorrect

How to roll a bath towel for lumbar/sacral support

- Step 1. Open towel onto a flat surface.
- Step 2. Fold towel in half, the width of the towel to be at least the width of your hips.
- Step 3. Roll towel starting from longer end. A tight roll makes a denser towel and provides more support.
- Step 4. Continue to roll the full length of the towel.









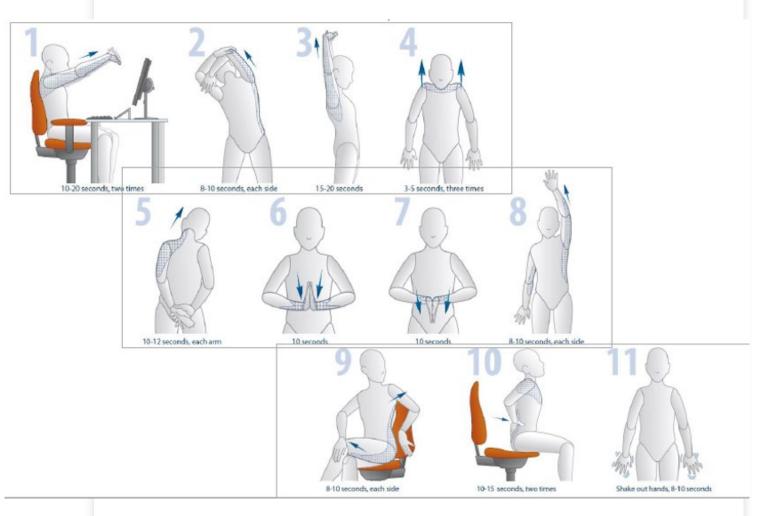
How to roll a bath towel for lumbar/sacral support (cont.)

- Step 5. Place the roll against the backrest.
- You may need more than one towel to build continuous support from hips to your lower back.
- Adjust towels until you feel comfortable and well supported.



Stretch Breaks

- Sitting for long periods often causes neck and shoulder stiffness.
- Do these stretches every hour or so throughout the day.
- Get up off your chair and stretch your legs every 30 minutes.



Further Resources

The listed websites contain ergonomic information for office and industrial work settings, as well as for work techniques.

- Federal OSHA
- https://www.osha.gov/SLTC/etools/compute rworkstations/index.html
- Cal-OSHA
- https://www.dir.ca.gov/dosh/
- National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health (NIOSH)
- http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/